



THE ANNALS OF THE KING'S ROYAL RIFLE CORPS

BY
MAJOR-GENERAL SIR STEUART HARE,
K.C.M.G., C.B.

VOLUME IV.
"THE 60TH: THE K.R.R.C."



They left Meerut on January 15, 1890, and marched to Allahabad, which they reached on February 21.

On March 22, 1890, Captain G. G. H. Allgood, Adjutant of the Battalion, was killed at polo.

Colonel Morris was succeeded, on January 7, 1890, by Colonel A. A. A. Kinloch, who exchanged from the 2nd Battalion.

Colonel Kinloch was the best-known big-game shikari of his day. In his young days there was no musketry done in India in the hot weather either in the plains or in the hills. The Musketry Staff generally went on leave. Kinloch followed a long spell as Regimental Musketry Instructor by a still longer one as a Musketry Staff Officer. He had six months' leave out of every year for some fifteen years in succession. He had shot nearly every kind of animal in India and Kashmir. After he was married, his wife used to accompany him, and it used to be said that most of his numerous family had been born at over ten thousand feet above sea-level. In those days camping in Kashmir was very much cheaper than living in cantonments. What times we missed by not being born sooner!

Colonel Kinloch got a brigade command before he had finished his time, and was succeeded on October 15, 1890, by Lieut.-Colonel R. Chalmer.

The Battalion left Allahabad in October *en route* for Burma.

Headquarters and four Companies reached Thayetmyo on January 14, 1891. The other half Battalion reached Myengyan on the 1st. A party from the Battalion at the same time left for Upper Burma to join the Mounted Infantry.

On April 4, 1891, Headquarters and four Companies, with a Mounted Infantry Detachment, embarked on