The Historie of the

great and mightie kingdome of China, and the lituation thereof:

Togither with the great riches, huge Citties, politike gouernement, and rare inventions in the same.

Translated out of Spanish by R. Parke.



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VIII, 410.

They say that they never had amongst them neither petitlence nos hunger, which is the like as we have fait of the kings bome of China.

Let him that can, bo it in fuch fort that fo great and infinite a number of foules that at this day are bnoor the tyranny of the binell, may lo them in the Christian libertie, and in the other life intog their creatos.

CHAP. XXI.

In this chapter is declared of such kingdomes as are adioyning vnto that of Cochinchina, and of some notable thinges in them, with the rites and customes of the inhabitants.

Ebe king: home of Champa 1Rich of bjugs.

Eleb nener

hab plague,

not hanger.

peltilence

Nigh into this kingdome of Cochinchina, there is another called Champa, that although it be pope of gold and fluer, yet is it very rich of drugges and gallant wod, and great floare of provision. This kingdome is very great and full of people, they somewhat whiter then those of Cochinchina, they are as nigh as willing to become Chistians as their neighbors but so, the performance thereof, they boo lacke that which the other day. They have the same laines and ceremonies as well other doo. They have the same lawes and ceremonies as well the one as the other, and are all Avolaters, and doo worthin the fecond causes, in the same order as the Chinos do, buto whom like wife they do make one manner of acknowledging.

From this Iland you may go with ease unto Malaca, leaving on the right hand a kingdome which is called Camboia, the which is great & very full of people, and all of them affectioe ned to go to fea, and nauigation, by reason whereof they have an infinite number of beliels : It is a very fertill country, with great Coare of provision: there are Clephants in great number & Abadas, which is a kind of beat to big an tivo great buls. and hath uppon his inowt a little horne. At this day there is one of them at Madrid, the which was brought out of the Indians to bis maielly, and many do go to le it for a frange thing, and nes ner the like feene in Europe, whole Chinne is fo haro (accorbing onto the report) that no man although he be of great force and ftrength can palle it with a theult. Some haue laine that it is an Unicoine, but I take it for the contrarte, and they are kingdome of China.

of my opinion almost all those that have beene in those partes,

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and have fene the true Unicozins.

and pane lene the case thintopies. In this hingdome there is a religious man of the order of the Dominicke, called frier Silveiter, whome God bid carrie into those parts for to remedy the foules that are therein: hee booth those parts to; to remedy the soules that are therein; hee booth timpley himselfe to learne their natural language, and to preach the holy gospell in the same tongue, and bath them likewise prepared, that if he had any companions for to bely hym, they thouse obtaine much fruite for the heavens; he hathen and requested for some who the India of Bortingait, but they would never send him and, personenture by some limiter information, by men which the disastion of those soules, for our ments. To to they and let the Salvation of those soules, for our ments, for to fray and let the faluation of those fonles, for ever to remaine in his tirannical power. This free bid write a to remagne in his trannicati power. Adjustive one white a letter but Malaca but fryer March Ignacio, and but o other religious men; intirely requesting them to; the loue of God, the give fuch of por that he might be holpen with come religious men, of what other Gener, with certification that therein they shall not great fervice but o God, and put remedie in those that it is the force that house the house of the first leading. foules, whome be bare not baptile for feare that after lacking the suangetical refreshing, to water and therity them, they returne to bring forth that entil fruit of Foolatrie. This petition bit not take effect accepting to his vollee, for y there was not to forme his turne, not any that was bnoccupied. They buder-flod of him that brought this letter, that the king of that kinghome had in great beneration the faydfather Siluctiro, in fo ample manner, as two the patriarch Isleph in Egipt: hee had in all that kingdome the feconde place, and every time that the king would heak with him, he gave him a chaire: and gave him great priniledges, and licence for to peach the boly gotpell throughout all the kingdome without any contradiction, pen ryzongune an ter anguent missen any contactually and for to edific the churches and all other thinges whatloener be thought necedaris: thisking similally belong thereunto, by giving of great gifts and charitis. He fait also that in al y bings nome there were erected many crolles, and were had in great reverence. And for & confirmation of the truth horeof, the afores Cub frier Ignacio bib for in Malaca a prefent y the king of this hingtome of Camboia of fend buto another friend of his and amongit many things contained therin of great riches e curio-Æb 3

Whe king: tome of

Atie: there were two crolles very great and wel made, of a gallant was a very finite, and all garniches very richte with file uer and golo, with their titles enamiled.

Aigh buto this thingoome is that of Siao, in the hight of four

Che king. pome of Sian

The mother of Abolatrie.

-Baint bear: ceo pcople.

tiene vegries from the pole Artike, and this hundred leagues from Machao, wheras the Portugals to go to trave: It is the mother of all Avolatric, and the place from Whence half proceed to many leaves, anto lapon, China and Pegu. It is a flourishing countrie and well replenished of all such things as he requiste for to merite the name to be god. There be in it manished by an analysis and Abadas, and other beatts that are nourished in that countrie: between this lies for rich of methals, and calthat countrie : belives this, it is very rich of mettals, and gallant livete wode. The people of this kingdome for the most part are faint-hearted or cowards, for which occasion although they are infinite in number, , yet are they fubied boto the ling of Regu, who onercame them long time fince , in a battell (as afterwards thall be veclared;) and they doo pay him ordinarily great and heavy tributes. They would be converted very eallly botto the faith of Jelu Christ, and would leave their Inclusif they had any to preach onto them: yea, & would fulled thems felucs onto any king of Hord that woulde favour them, and not buto this whom now they boobey, for that hee booth intreate them to annoully. They have amongli them many religious men after their fathion, who boo live in common, and leave an afper and Charp life : for the lubich they are had of al the rell in great beneration. The penance which they do is wanderfull & Arange, as you may lunge by fome things that I thill beclare bere: among a great number that be tolbe of them, there are none of them that can marrie, neither fpeake to any woman, & if by chance be no, they are mithout remittio punithed by beath. They go alwayes barelote, e bery popely apparelled, too eate nathling but rice a græne berbes, and this they do alhe for charitie every vay , going from pope to vone with their wallet at their backes, alwayes with their eyes looking on the ground, the first modelly a honelly, that it is to be wonderd at: they do not crause their charity, neither take it with their hands, not do any other thing but cal or knocke, a fand fill, till fuchtime as they give them their antiwer, or put come thing into their wallets. It iatolo them for a truth, that many times for penance they kingdome of China.

bo put themseliarde naked in the heate of the lunne, which to pur commenced at anatom in the period street der degrees is there very great, to, that & country is in twenty are degrees of the Squincetiall, impered they are much troubled there with graces, whereof there is an infinite number, and is a thing that if they blo pake it for Gods lake: it is a kinds of marty, that if they blo pake it for Gods lake: bome of great velert. God for his mercy lighten them with his grace, that this which they no smally visto the profite of their soules, may bee the occasion that after they are baptiled, they may beferne for the fame many begrees of glory.

Likewile in fecreat they boo great penance, and boo rife by at mionight to prate unto their Lools, and they bo it in quiers, as is vied amongs vs Christians. It is not permitted them any rentes, not any other kinde of contradation: and if they be fiene to beate in any, they are betefted and hated, as an be-

retike is amongst be.

For this kind of afper living (the which they bo; according but the report) for the love of the heaven, and that fulth great seale : they are respected of the common people for faints, and for fuch they bo reuerence them. and do commit them buto their praiers, when they are in any trouble or infirmity. E bele ans many other things uno be beclared of them in like order. Which may ferue for to confound be, that confelling, we be not observe may recurred to common only a contenting, we to the content of humain in-taces, but that which woo hath prepared or the god in heare. The law of the Golpell in this ting doing would bring forth

unchfruite, for that the people are charitable, and louers of bertue, and of them that have it. Thus experience had the father Ignacio and his companions in China, at fuch time as they were prifoners, where there were in a city certain amballabors from the king of Syan, who were bound to the court, and there they understood that the Spaniards were fentenced to beath for entring into that country without licence: they went to vilite them, when they falw them with their afper habites and very pope, toto relemble very much the babit of their religious men, they had to great affection but o them, that ouer and about they fent the goveharity, the which was two bags ofrice, much all fruita: they bib offer to the al the mony they would belire, to ranfome them in al that the Aubges would bemand to; them: it recompece of this god wil they thewed water & Spaniacos, they **野b4**