

English Name	Latin Name
Philippine glossy starling	<i>Aplonis panayensis</i>
Darien starling	<i>Sturnus sturninus</i>
Common myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>
White-vented myna	<i>A. javanicus</i>
Brown-throated sunbird	<i>Anthreptes malacensis</i>
Yellow-breasted sunbird	<i>Nectarinia jugularis</i>
Scarlet-backed flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum cruentatum</i>
Tree sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>
Javan munia	<i>Lonchura leucogastroides</i>
Scaly-breasted munia	<i>L. punctulata</i>
Richards pipit	<i>Anthus novaeseelandiae</i>
Brown shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>

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MAMMALS OF BANGLADESH — THEIR STATUS, DISTRIBUTION AND HABITAT

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Introduction

After consulting the earlier literature about the mammalian fauna of British India, it has been noted that most of the mammalian fauna have been collected and reported from Assam, Manipur, etc. After the publication of Jerdon's (1873) and Blanford's (1888) works on the mammals of India, Wroughton (1918-21) also surveyed the mammals of the Indian sub-continent.

Ellerman and Morrison-Scott (1961) and Strechy (1963) prepared checklists of Palaearctic and Indian mammals and of Indian wildlife respectively. There has been little reference in the above literature to the mammals of the area that is now Bangladesh. Husain (1974) is the only author who has published a list of mammals found in Bangladesh. He reported more than 90 species of mammals in his book on wildlife of Bangladesh, and mentions 53 species by name.

Bangladesh is very rich in wildlife. A number of works have been published on birds of Babna, Dhaka but a detailed record of the mammals of Bangladesh is lacking. The authors have here prepared a list of

mammals observed in Bangladesh, mentioning their status, distribution and habitat.

LIST OF MAMMALS

Abbreviations used:

Status: C = Common; VC = Very Common; FC = Fairly Common; F = Few; O = Occasional or Rare.

Distribution: W = Wide; Sb = Sundarbans; BB = Bay of Bengal; Ctg = Chittagong; Cht = Chittagong Hill-Tracts; S = Sylhet; T = Tangail; M = Mymensingh; R = Rivers; P = Pabna; U = Uncertain.

Habitat: a = Open country; f = Forest; h = Hilly areas.

CLASS: MAMMALIA

Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific Name	English Name (Beng. Name)	Status,	Distrib.,	Habitat
Carnivora	Ursidae		<i>Helarctos malayanus</i> Raffles	Sun bear	FC	Ctg S Cht	fh
Carnivora	Mustelidae	Melinae	<i>Arctonyx collaris</i> Cuvier	Hog-badger	F	Ctg S Cht	fh
Carnivora	Mustelidae	Lutrinae	<i>Lutra lutra</i> Linnaeus	Common otter (Uud)	O	Cht	af
"	"	"	<i>Aonyx cinerea</i> Illiger	Small-clawed otter	O	Cht	af
Carnivora	Vivveridae	Viverrinae	<i>Viverra zibetha</i> Linnaeus	Large civet (Khattash)	FC	W	af
"	"	"	<i>Viverricula indica</i> Desmarest	Small civet (Bagdash)	FC	W	af
Carnivora	Vivveridae	Paradoxurinae	<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus</i> Pallas	Common palm civet	FC	W	af
"	"	"	<i>Arctictis binturong</i> Raffles	Bear cat, Toddy cat (Longor)			
"	"	Lutrinae	<i>Lutra perspicillata</i> Geoffroy	Smooth-coated otter	FC	Cht Sb	af
Carnivora	Vivveridae	Paradoxurinae	<i>Arctogalidia trivirgata</i> Gray	Small-toothed civet	C	W	af
Carnivora	Vivveridae	Herpestinae	<i>Herpestes auropunctatus</i> Hodgson	Small mongoose (Chota Bajee)	FC	W	af
"	"	"	<i>H. edwardsi</i> Geoffroy	Grey mongoose (Baro Bajee)	VC	W	af
"	"	"	<i>H. urva</i> Hodgson	Crab-eating mongoose	O	U	f
Carnivora	Hyaenidae		<i>Hyaena hyaena</i> Linnaeus	Striped hyaena	O	U	U
Carnivora	Felidae		<i>Felis chaus</i> Guldenstaedt	Jungle cat (Jongli Biral)	F	Ctg,S	f
"	"		<i>F. marmorata</i> Martin	Marbled cat	O		af
"	"		<i>F. temmincki</i> Vigors & Horsfield	Golden cat (Moufgaora)	FC	W	a
"	"		<i>F. bengalensis</i> Kerr	Leopard cat	FC	Sb	af
"	"		<i>F. viverrina</i> Bennett	Fishing cat (Mechobag)	FC	W	af
"	"		<i>Neofelis nebulosa</i> Griffith	Clouded leopard (Chitta Bagh)	O	U	f
"	"		<i>Panthera pardus</i> Linnaeus	Leopard (Chittah)	FC	U	f
"	"		<i>P. tigris tigris</i> Linnaeus	Royal Bengal tiger (Bara Bagh)	FC	Sb	f
Proboscidea	Elephantidae		<i>Elephas maximus</i> Linnaeus	Asiatic elephant	FC	Ctg, Cht,SM	f
Perissodactyla	Rhinocerotidae	Rhinocerotinae	<i>Rhinoceros unicornis</i> Linnaeus	One-horned rhinoceros (Gondar)		EXTINCT	
Artiodactyla	Suidae		<i>Sus scrofa</i> Linnaeus	Wild boar (Bunno sukur)	FC	W	af
Artiodactyla	Tragulidae		<i>Tragulus meminna</i> Erxleben	Spotted chevrotain	O	U	U
Artiodactyla	Cervidae	Muntiacinae	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i> Zimmermann	Barking deer (Maya Harin)	F	Ctg Sm	f
Order	Family	Subfamily	Scientific Name	English Name	Status,	Distrib.,	Habitat

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WILDLIFE CONSERVATION IN GUJARAT STATE (INDIA)

by R.L. Java, I.F.S.

Gujarat is a small state in the western region of the Indian sub-continent with an area of 196,024 sq. kms., less than 10% of which is covered with forests. Nevertheless, it has a rich cross-section of wildlife with 40 species of animals and 425 species of birds. Indeed, some of the animals found there are so rare that they can be seen nowhere else in the world; the Asiatic lion and the wild ass being two such examples.

Gujarat has carved a niche for itself in many fields, one of which is wildlife conservation. It has the distinction of creating the first marine national

park in the country with an area of 500 sq. kms. in the Gulf of Kutch. The Gir Wildlife Sanctuary is another example of Gujarat's success in its conservation efforts, and had the honour of winning the 75-76 Challenge Trophy given by the Chairman of the Indian Board of Wild Life for the best-managed sanctuary in the country.

The state has also taken the lead in the field of educating school children about nature and wildlife conservancy by organizing annual camps at special locations.

To date, there are seven sanctuaries and four