L. RICHARD'S (夏之時)

COMPREHENSIVE GEOGRAPHY

OF THE

CHINESE EMPIRE

AND

DEPENDENCIES

中國坤輿詳誌

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SOUTHERN BRANCH

左江, formed by the confluence of two rivers, which come from Tongking 東京, and unite at Lungchow Ting 龍州廳, in the Prefecture of Tiaping Fu 太平府. Both are navigable down into Tongking, large junks ascending as far as Lungchow Ting 龍州廳.

Another but less important tributary, the Yung-kiang 容 江, which joins the Si-kiang 西 江 above Wuchow Fu 梧 州 府, establishes easy communication with Pakhoi 北 海 (Peh-hai). Goods coming by the Lien-kiang 亷 江, as far as Fomien (福 偉 塘 Fohweik'ü, to the S.W. of Yuhlin Chow 鬱 林州), are transported thence upon the backs of carriers to the Yung-kiang 容江, which is navigable from Pehliu hsien 北 流 縣 and beyond.

Fauna and Flora. — On account of the devastation prevailing in Kwangsi, a great number of wild animals are found there: the tiger, rhinoceros, panther, tapir, wolf, bear and fox. Deer are also encountered, as well as stags, monkeys, scaly anteaters, and a large variety of serpents (the boa-constrictor, rattlesnake, green serpent, adder and aspic). Besides the birds common to the rest of China, there are some that bear a close resemblance to those of Hindustan.

The flora is luxuriant and largely tropical. Suffice it to mention the sugar-cane, cinnamon and anisced-trees, this latter growing profusedly in certain parts. Groundnuts are also found, as well as the papaw-tree, the shaddock, the palm-tree, the pine-apple and orange, the lichee or persimmon, the mango-tree, arbutus, pomegranite, guava and betel-nut... The maple, ebony, teak-wood and mahogany-trees furnish excellent timber.

Agricultural Wealth. — Besides fruit-trees and timber, Kwangsi produces the sugar-cane, rice, cotton, and almost everywhere maize. The poppy and the mulberry are scarce. Potatoes are grown nowadays especially in the N. W. The fruit-trees of the N.: peach, plum, pear and walnut, are also easily grown. There are scarcely any forests, except in the N., but a great number of trees are found in the W. There also, buffaloes and ponies are extensively reared.

Mineral Wealth. — The mineral wealth of Kwangsi is little worked, though it is considerable, and consists chiefly of gold, silver, coal and antimony.

Population — The population of Kwangsi, as we have seen, is very scanty, and is centred especially in the neighbourhood of the principal towns, where it finds greater protection against brigands and evil-doers. It is composed of 3 principal races: the aborigines or Ikias 英家 (barbarians), the Cantonese, and the Hakkas 客家 or K'ohkias (alien or guest families, squatters).