

**SUMATRAN RHINO CONSERVATION CENTRE
DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND NATIONAL PARKS
SUNGAI DUSUN, SELANGOR
MALAYSIA**

MONTHLY REPORT

SEPTEMBER 2001

BY

Dr. AIDI MOHAMAD

&

STEVE ROMO

INTRODUCTION

Two breeding occurred throughout the month and both involving Ara and Seputeh. In the first breeding, Ara bred Seputeh for two consecutive days on the 3/9/01 and 4/9/01. The second breeding also occurred for two consecutive days on the 25/9/01 and 26/9/01. As for Rima, her progesterone is quite high and she refused the male when paired with Ara. Panjang and Minah still had a low level of progesterone but Mas Merah had a high level of P4.

The bleeding procedure was carried out as usual, twice weekly. As for the bred females, blood will be collected once a week.

RHINO MANAGEMENT

A) Daily Management

i) Night stall

Daily work

Adam, Shariff and Umor managed the night stalls. Shariff and Umor will clean the night stalls while Adam and other rangers will mix Shah and the two females. Then, he will checked the food supply when it arrived around 9.30 a.m. The browse and fruits were weighed and cleaned before giving to the rhinos. About 40 to 50 kg of browses and 7kg of fruits including papaya, banana and sweet potatoes were given daily. The rhinos were also given horse pellet about 1.5kg every morning. On Monday and Thursday, Adam will help the veterinarian to collect the blood from all females.

The rhinos

The rhinos were let out first before cleaning the night stalls. After cleaning, the browses were put in the feed trough and the rhinos were let in for their morning meal. The drinking water was changed daily and stress vet (multi-mineral powder) was mixed inside it. Daily observation was made and recorded in the workbook for each rhino. The rhinos were fed twice daily: 9.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m.

ii) Ten acres enclosure

Daily Work

Mohd Noor inspects the electric fencing every morning. The fencing was cleaned from any foreign objects such as spider web, dried leaves or creepers to avoid short circuit. Voltmeter was used to ensure that the voltage of the fencing is about 7.0 kV. They will also inspect the fencing for any damages.

During the inspection, the ranger will look for the rhino inside the enclosure and call the rhino for their morning meal. The rhino was confined in the quarter acre first before putting their browse in the feeding trough. The amount given was about 100kg for each rhino per day.

B) Breeding Program

i) Breeding Introduction

Seputeh was expected to come into estrus on 3/09/01. Blood sample was sent to UPM on 30/8/01 for confirmation. The result showed that her progesterone level was low and she was mixed with Ara in the morning of 3/9/01. The male kept trailing the female and two mountings were observed without any intromission. The rhinos were separated after 53 minutes since both rhinos looked tired. In the afternoon around 3.00 o'clock, the rhinos were paired again. Intromission occurred at the fifth mounting and lasted for 30 minutes.

The next day (4/9/01), Seputeh and Ara were mixed again around 2.30p.m. after mixing the male with Rima. Breeding occurred after five minutes of mixing but the intromission only lasted for fifteen minutes. Ten minutes later, the second intromission occurred and lasted for about 32 minutes.

As for Rima, she was mixed with Ara from 4/9/01 until 6/9/01 but no breeding occurred. She was scanned on 3/9/01 and a 24mm follicle was observed on her right ovary. On top of that, a corpus luteum sized about 21mm was also observed. Mas Merah was mixed with Ara on 19/9/01 and 20/9/01, 21 days after her last breeding. However, no breeding occurred and the female vocalized a lot and ran away from the male.

As for Minah and Panjang, they were left alone from any breeding activities at the moment.

ii) Bleeding Program

a) Blood Collection

The bleeding was still carried out twice weekly. As for the bred females, the blood was collected once a week. The blood procedure was summarized in Table 1.

b) Progesterone Hormone Profile

The latest blood result was attached below.

iii) Ultrasound

Dr. Robin and Rolfe Radcliffe visited the centre for ten days and did some scanning on all females to evaluate their reproduction status. The observation was summarized in the table below.

B) HEALTH STATUS

Generally, all rhinos are in the good condition. The rhinos were weighed on 13/9/01 and the body weight was summarized in Table 3.

Minah was given antibiotics, Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (TMS) orally for fourteen days after the removing of the progesterone implant from her bladder on 5/9/01. This is done to treat cystitis and to prevent further inflammation of her urinary bladder.

C) FEEDING

No changes were made for the feeding program. The browses and produces were supplied by the contractor, which deliver them around 9.30 a.m. daily. The feed was checked to ensure their quantity and quality upon receiving them. They were cleaned and weighed before giving to the rhinos. The rhinos were given about 40 kg of browses, 3 kg of concentrates and 7 kg of fruits daily.

Table 1: Blood Collection from the Rhinos, September 2001

Date	Rhino ID	Area taken	Remarks
05/09/01	Minah Seputeh	Tail Tail	Samples were taken from this two females for P4 analysis.
06/09/01	Minah Seputeh Rima Panjang Minah	Tail Tail Tail Tail Tail	Get blood samples from all females. The rhinos seem very cooperative.
10/09/01	Rima Minah Mas Merah Panjang	Tail Tail Tail Tail	Blood was taken for P4 analysis
13/09/01	Minah Rima Seputeh Panjang Mas Merah	Tail Tail Tail Tail Tail	Samples were taken from all females for P4 analysis.
17/09/01	Rima Mas Merah Panjang Minah	Tail Tail Tail Tail	Get samples via tail from all females.
20/09/01	Minah Mas Merah Panjang Rima Seputeh	Tail Tail Tail Tail Tail	Samples were taken from all females for P4 analysis.
23/09/01	Minah Seputeh Panjang	Tail Tail Tail	Get samples via tail from three females.

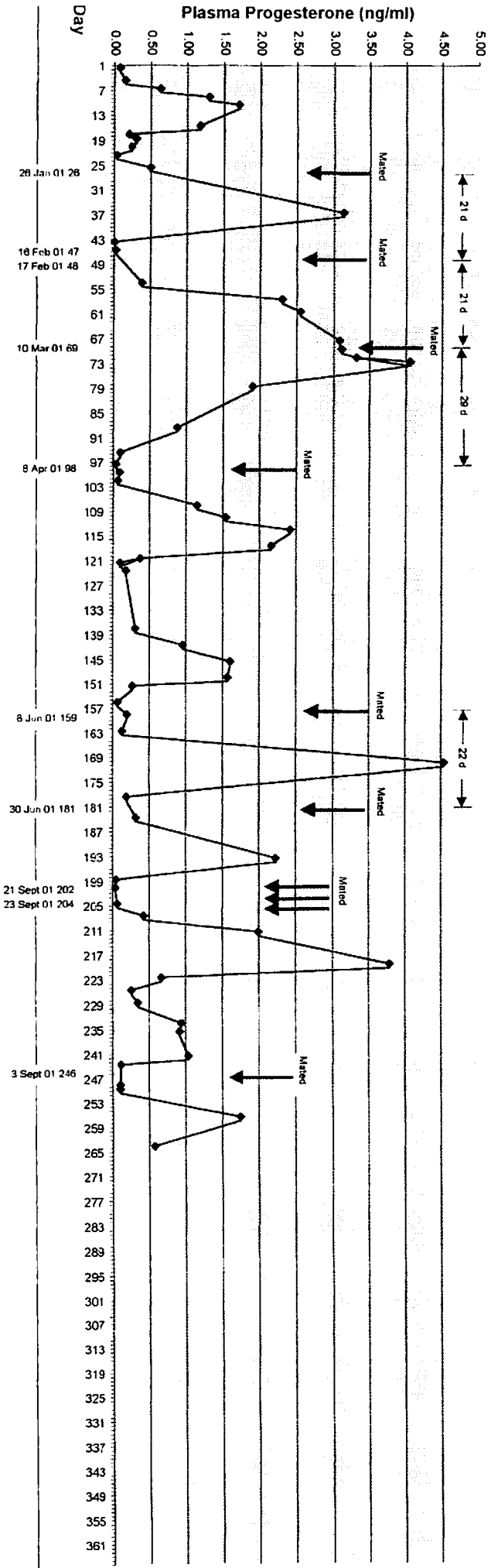
Table 2: Ultrasound Procedure on the females, September 2001

Date	Female (s)	Observation
3/9/01	Minah	The cervix, uterine body, the right and left horn looked normal. There were multi small follicles observed at the left ovary but the right one is static.
3/9/01	Mas Merah	The cervix, uterine body and right horn looked normal. Small cysts were observed at the left horn. Multi small follicles were observed at the right ovary and a 25mm corpus luteum was observed at the left ovary indicated ovulation occurred 36 – 48 hours post breeding.
3/9/01	Rima	The cervix and uterine body looked normal. Multi small cysts were observed at the left horn and a 22mm cyst observed at the right horn. There was a 15mm follicle observed at the left ovary and 21mm follicle at the right ovary.
3/9/01	Seputeh	The cervix looked normal. A 5cm mass was observed at the uterine body. Multiple masses were also observed at the left and right horn. Multi small follicles were observed at the left ovary and a 21mm follicle observed at the right ovary.

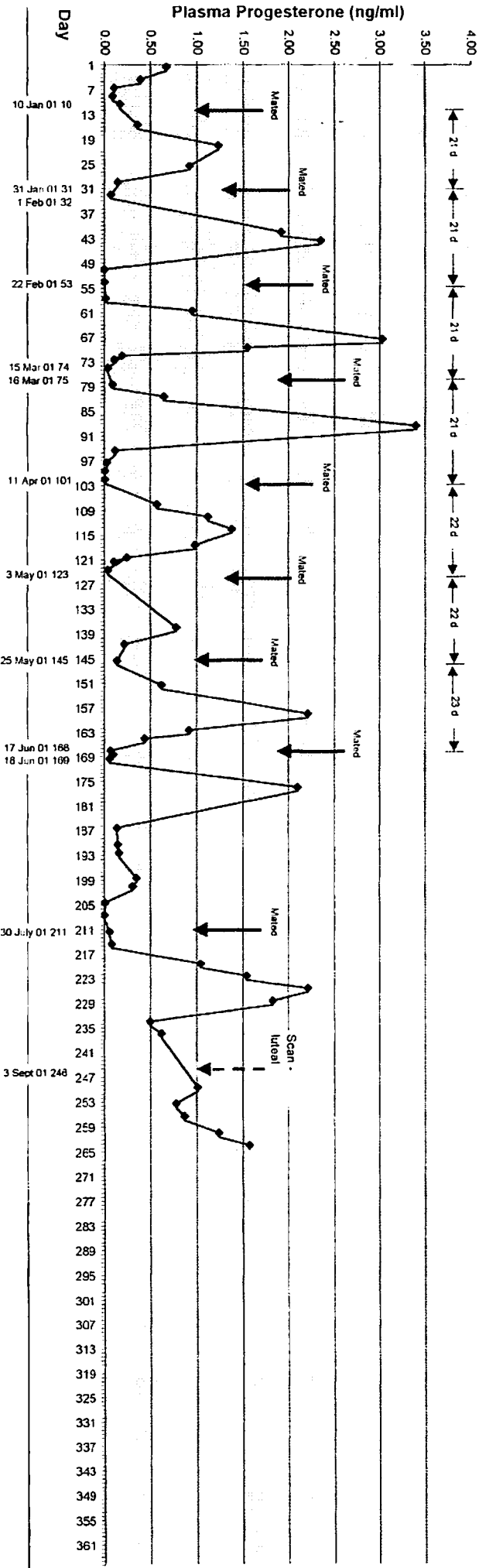
Table 3: Body Weight on 13th September 2001

Rhino ID	Body Weight (kg)	Body Weight (lb)
Seputeh	730	1606
Shah	538	1184
Mas Merah	592	1302
Minah	484	1065
Panjang	510	1122
Ara	606	1333
Rima	556	1223

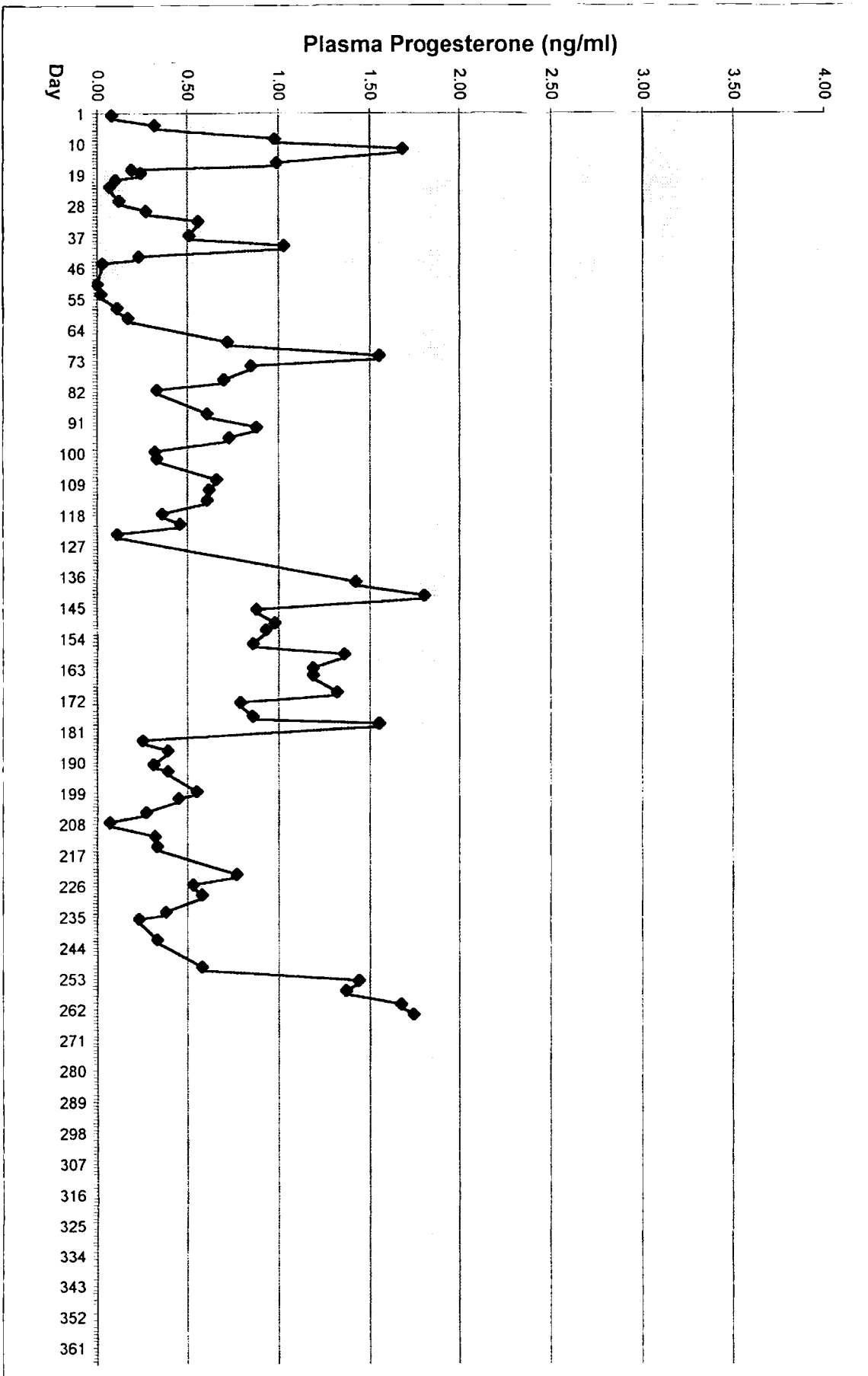
SUMATRAN RHINO - SEPUTIH Plasma Progesterone Profile - 2001



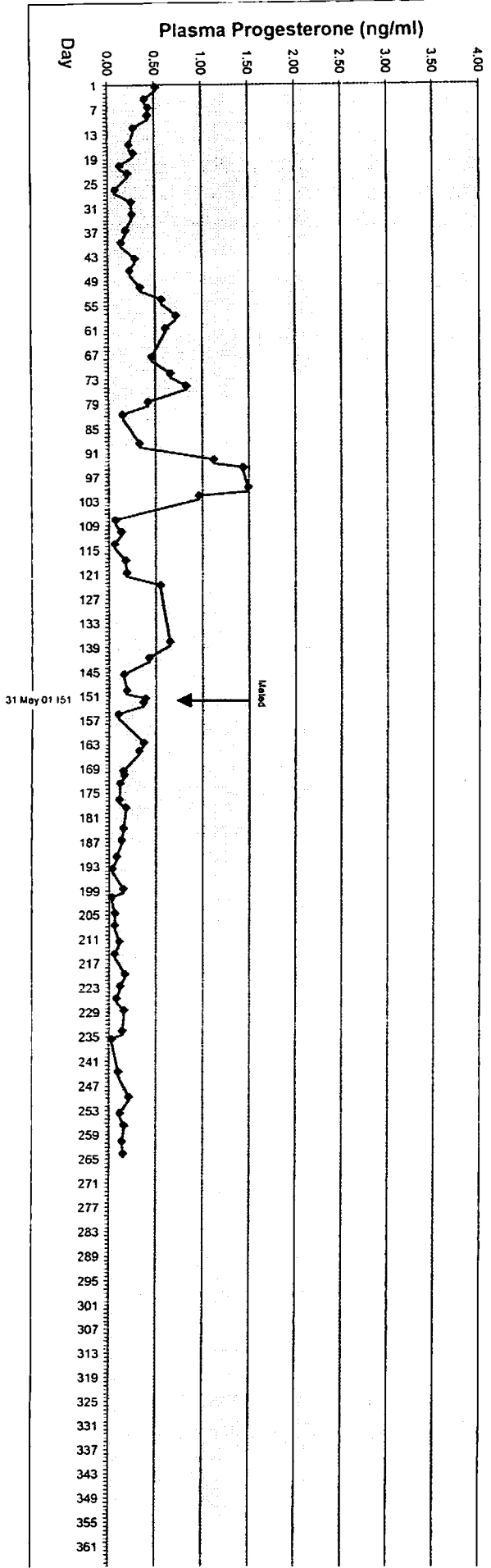
SUMATRAN RHINO - RIMA Plasma Progesterone Profile - 2001



SUMATRAN RHINO - MAS MERAH Plasma Progesterone Profile - 2001



SUMATRAN RHINO - PANJANG Plasma Progesterone Profile - 2001



SUMATRAN RHINO - MINAH Plasma Progesterone Profile - 2001

